Plaintiff and Relator Alex Dak ("Relator Dak" or "Relator"), on behalf of the United States of America ("United States") and State of California, brings this action under the federal False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729, et seq. ("FCA"), and the California False Claims Act, Government Code §§ 12650, et seq. ("CFCA"), against Defendants College Vista Convalescent Hospital ("College Vista") and Centerpointe Therapy ('Centerpointe") (together "Defendants"), and in support

thereof state as follows:

NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. Relator brings this *qui tam* action against Defendants to recover losses sustained by the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs.
- 2. Defendants engaged in conduct designed to admit Medicare and Medi-Cal beneficiaries to College Vista's facilities for unnecessary inpatient hospital stays, fraudulently recertified patients for longer than necessary hospital stays, upcoded patient diagnoses to receive greater Medicare reimbursement levels, and billed Medicare and Medi-Cal for services that were not provided.
- 3. Pursuant to this scheme, Defendants would have necessarily submitted, or caused to be submitted, false claims to Medicare for non-reimbursable hospital stays for Medicare beneficiaries.
- 4. Pursuant to the scheme, Defendants would have also necessarily submitted, or caused to be submitted, false claims to Medi-Cal for non-reimbursable hospital stays for Medi-Cal beneficiaries.
- 5. The claims that Defendants would have necessarily submitted, or caused to be submitted to the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs are false because the beneficiaries' hospital admissions and stays were not medically necessary, patients were upcoded so that the level of reimbursement received did not reflect the patients' true diagnoses, and bills were submitted for services that were not provided.

The United States and the State of California paid these false and 6. fraudulent claims, and are entitled to recover damages, penalties, attorneys' fees and other relief under the FCA and CFCA.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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Relator brings this action on behalf of the United States under the qui 7. tam provisions of the FCA. 31 U.S.C. § 3730. Relator brings this action on behalf of the State of California under the qui tam provisions of the CFCA, California

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False Claims Act, Government Code §§ 12650, et seq.

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This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 8. 1331 and 31 U.S.C. §§ 3732(a) and (b), which confer jurisdiction over actions

brought under 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 and 3730 and corresponding state law.

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This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendant, and venue is 9. proper in this District, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3732(a) because Defendant is

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found, transacts business, and committed violations of 31 U.S.C. § 3729 in this

CFCA, Relator prepared and has served with this Complaint on the Attorney

General of the United States, the United States Attorney for the Central District of

California, and the Attorney General of the State of California a written disclosure

publicly disclosed in a Federal criminal, civil, or administrative hearing, lawsuit or

investigation in which the Government or its agent is a party; in a congressional,

Government Accountability Office, or other Federal report, hearing, audit, or

investigation; in the news media; or in any other form as the term "publicly

Pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3730(b)(2) and parallel provision of the

The allegations or transactions described herein have not been

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District.

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This action is also not based upon the public disclosure of allegations 12. or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing, in an investigation,

disclosed" is defined in 31 U.S.C. § 3730(e)(4).

of all material evidence and information currently in his possession.

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report, hearing, or audit conducted by or at the request of the Senate, Assembly, auditor, or governing body of a political subdivision, or by the news media, or in any other form as the term "public disclosure" is defined in Cal. Gov't Code 12652(d)(3).

To the extent that there has been a public disclosure unknown to 13. Relator, he is an original source under 31 U.S.C. § 3730(e)(4) and Cal. Gov't Code 12652(d)(3).

PARTIES

- Relator Alex Dak is a resident of the State of California and was 14. employed by a College Vista Convalescent Hospital as an occupational therapy assistant from March 2011 until the end of June 2011. Relator was also a subcontractor/employee of another rehabilitation services provider, Centerpointe Therapy.
- Defendant College Vista Convalescent Hospital is headquartered in 15. the State of California and is located at 4681 Eagle Rock Blvd in Los Angeles. College Vista is licensed in California as a skilled nursing facility engaged in the business of providing a variety of medical services, including urgent care. At all times relevant hereto, College Vista was enrolled as a Medicare and Medi-Cal provider.
- Defendant Centerpointe Therapy is a contractor of physical therapy, 16. occupational therapy and speech therapy to rehab, nursing companies (e.g., skilled nursing facilities such as College Vista), hospitals, and other organizations, website California. its throughout Southern According (http://centerpointetherapy.com), Centerpointe "aims to promote its mission of individualized care catered to promote patient happiness and well-being." Centerpointe was founded in 2005 and is owned, Neal Gandhi, who serves as Centerpointe's CEO and President and who is also a registered physical therapist.

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- Plaintiff and real party in interest the United States, acting through the 17. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), and its Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) administers the Health Insurance Program for the Aged and Disabled established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395, et seq. (Medicare), and Grants to States for Medical Assistance Programs pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq. (Medicaid).
- Plaintiff and real party in interest the State of California, through the 18. Department of Health Care Services ("Cal DHCS"), administers its Medicaid program, known as Medi-Cal. The Medi-Cal program, is 50% funded by the federal government and 50% funded by the State of California.
- The United States and the State of California ultimately paid the false 19. claims alleged herein and are entitled to the bulk of Relator's recovery.

RELEVANT STATUTES AND REGULATIONS

Federal and State False Claims Acts

- The federal False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729, et seq., imposes 20. liability on any person who: knowingly presents, or causes to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval (§ 3729(a)(1)(A)); or knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim (§ 3729(a)(1)(B)).
- The FCA defines the term "knowingly" to mean actual knowledge, 21. deliberate ignorance of truth or falsity, or reckless disregard of truth or falsity, and no proof of specific intent to defraud is required (§ 3729(b)(1)); defines "claim" to include any request or demand, whether under contract or otherwise, for money that is made to an agent of the United States or to a contractor if the money is to be spent to advance a government program or interest and the government provides or

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will reimburse any portion of the money (§ 3729(b)(2)); and defines "material" to mean having a natural tendency to influence, or be capable of influencing, the payment or receipt of money or property (§ 3729(b)(4)).

The California False Claims Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12650 - 12656, 22. imposes liability on any person who knowingly presents, or causes to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval (§ 12651(a)(1)); or knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim (§ 12651(a)(2)). The CFCA defines "claim" as:

any request or demand, whether under a contract or otherwise, for money, property, or services, and whether or not the state or a political subdivision has title to the money, property, or services that meets either of the following conditions:

- (A) Is presented to an officer, employee, or agent of the state or of a political subdivision.
- (B) Is made to a contractor, grantee, or other recipient, if the money, property, or service is to be spent or used on a state or any political subdivision program or interest, and if the state or political subdivision meets either of the following conditions:
 - (i) Provides or has provided any portion of the money, property, or service requested or demanded.
 - (ii) Reimburses the contractor, grantee, or other recipient for any portion of the money, property, or service that is requested or demanded.

Cal. Gov't Code § 12650(b)(1).

Additionally, claims for payment knowingly submitted to Medicare or 23. Medicaid that fail to meet the Medicare or Medicaid conditions of payment as set forth in applicable statutes, regulations and requirements constitute false and

Overview of Relevant Medicare and Medicaid Provisions

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- Medicare is a federal health insurance program administered by CMS 24. for the elderly and disabled. See 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395-1395hhh.
- Medicaid is a joint federal and state public-assistance program, 25. administered by the states, that pays for certain medical expenses incurred by lowincome patients. See 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396-1396v. Medicaid is a health care benefit program funded by federal and state governments. The State of California's Medicaid program is known as Medi-Cal. The Medi-Cal program, is 50% funded by the federal government and 50% funded by the State of California. The State of California, Department of Health Care Services ("Cal DHCS") regulates the Medi-Cal program.
- Medicare requires that inpatient hospital stays be prescribed and 26. ordered by a physician, See 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(a)(1)(A); see also 42 U.S.C. §1320C-5(A)(1). Medicare does not provide coverage for services that are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury. See 42 CFR 411.15(k)(1).
- Hospitals that meet the requirements for participation in the Medicare 27. program may receive compensation for health care services furnished to patients eligible for benefits that are reasonable and necessary for the treatment of the patient. 42 U.S.C. §1395y(a)(1)(A) provides in relevant part that:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no payment may be made under [Medicare] part A or part B for any expenses incurred for items or services . . . $[\P]$ which . . . are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member. . . .

- 28. Federal regulations require hospitals to maintain medical records that are accurately written, promptly completed, properly filed and retained, and accessible.
- 29. When submitting claims for payment to government healthcare programs via Form UB-92 (paper) or via electronic transmission (ANSI X12837 format), a provider, such as Defendants, certifies that the claim is "correct and complete."
- 30. Acute care hospital inpatient stays are paid under Medicare Part A ("Part A"). Under Part A, each case is falls into a diagnosis-related group ("DRG"). The DRG is determined based on patient's diagnosis at discharge.
- 31. Hospital and skilled nursing facility providers, such as College Vista, are required to submit to the Medicare contractor annual cost reports detailing the costs the hospital or skilled nursing facility claims it incurred in providing services and supplies to Medicare beneficiaries. Hospitals and skilled nursing facilities submitting such reports are required by Medicare to certify the cost report under penalty of perjury and to maintain all documentation supporting the costs set forth on each annual cost report for three years.
- 32. Medicare Part B ("Part B") provides reimbursement for certain other medical services that Part A does not cover. Under 42 C.F.R. § 409.61, if a beneficiary exhausts Part A days within a benefit period, Part B will pay for certain covered services while the patient is hospitalized if Part B would have paid for the service on an outpatient basis.
- 33. Medi-Cal reimburses hospitals, physicians, and other health care providers for medically necessary treatment and services rendered to beneficiaries.
- 34. The Medi-Cal program only provides compensation for those health care services "which are reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain through the

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diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness or injury. . . ." (California Code of Regulations, title 22, section 51303, subdivision (a).)

- 35. Under the Medi-Cal program, "[i]npatient services in hospital are covered only when provided on the signed order of the physician . . . responsible for the care of the patient." (California Code of Regulations, title 22, section 51303, subdivision (d).)
- 36. Defendants agreed in their Medicare Enrollment Applications to "abide by the Medicare laws, regulations and program; that "payment of a claim by Medicare is conditioned upon the claim and the underlying transaction comply with such laws, regulations, and program instructions;" that they would "not knowingly present or cause to be presented a false or fraudulent claim for payment by Medicare;" and that they would "not submit claims with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard of their truth or falsity."
- 37. Defendants agreed in their Medi-Cal Enrollment Applications to abide by all State and federal laws and regulations governing and regulating Medicaid providers. Defendants further agreed in their Enrollment Applications to "not engage in or commit fraud and abuse," including intentional deception or misrepresentation to obtain an unauthorized benefit.

DEFENDANTS' UNLAWFUL CONDUCT

- 38. During his tenure at College Vista and Centerpointe, Relator witnessed Defendants engaged in several schemes to defraud Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- 39. The first of these schemes was designed to boost inpatient admissions by recruiting patients from "skid row" in Downtown in Los Angeles.
- 40. Although the "patients" recruited are fully ambulatory and independent, College Vista would nonetheless admit these patients for convalescent hospital stays so that they could submit claims to Medicare for physical and occupational therapy and nursing home care for these patients. These

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services were not covered by Medicare as they were not "reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury" and thus resulted in the submission of false claims. See 42 CFR 411.15(k)(1).

- In addition, College Vista was receiving reimbursements for patients 41. that would have been appropriate if they were intubated and on a ventilator yet Relator regularly observed those same patients walking out of the facility and getting on a city bus unaided. Relator believes the patients were traveling on the bus back to skid row in Los Angeles to engage in illegal drug use, only to return to the College Vista afterwards. Given that none of these patients was intubated and on a ventilator, billing for such services was not covered by Medicare or Medi-Cal.
- In some cases, College Vista was also in violation of the Medicare 42. total discharge requirement, because patients would not return to the facility for several days. Nonetheless, College Vista did nothing to address the matter.
- A related scheme was the fraudulent recertification of patients for 43. Another physical therapist, Eleanore longer than necessary hospital stays. Cantimbuhan, worked at College Vista from March 1, 2011 until May 30, 2011. Cantimbuhan stopped working at College Vista due to fear that the rampant fraud practiced there might cause her to lose her license.
- According to Cantimbuhan, 60-70 percent of the residents at College 44. Vista were inappropriately kept as inpatients. Cantimbuhan also observed longer patient stays that were not medically necessary and improper retention of ambulatory patients in inpatient facilities. Upon information and belief, these inappropriate patient expenses were billed to Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- A third scheme was perpetrated by Centerpointe owner Neal Gandhi, 45. who is a registered physical therapist. Gandhi's scheme consisted of creating daily documentation for Medicare and having nurses (who are responsible for entering the patient codes that are ultimately submitted to Medicare and Medi-Cal) simply copy the coding in his documentation instead of independently evaluating

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each patient, as required by law. The purpose of this scheme was to up-code the patients' diagnoses so that more money could be received from Medicare and Medi-Cal.

- College Vista also up-coded patients at a higher acuity level for longer 46. than appropriate so that higher reimbursements from Medicare and Medi-Cal could be received. Relator believes College Vista has been engaged in this practice for years and is continuing in this practice.
- According to Relator, Neal Gandhi also engaged in a scheme to bill 47. Medicare for services he did not provide. To this end, Gandhi was often offsite yet billed for eight or nine hours of therapy onsite, amounting to thousands of dollars of fraudulent billing to Medicare for rehabilitation services.
- Relator has retained timesheets that show the overbilling of patients 48. by Neal Gandhi. According to Relator, Neal Gandhi lost his last several contracts due to commission of this type of fraud.
- During the last month of his employment with College Vista, Relator 49. began changing the categorization for his patients to reflect their accurate status and acuity.
- When Relator mentioned the fraud described above to Gandhi and 50. inquired if he was receiving kickbacks from College Vista in exchange for overbilling, Gandhi advised Relator that the College Vista no longer wanted Relator there because he threatened to expose the fraud.

FEDERAL FALSE CLAIMS ACT 31 U.S.C. § 3729, et seq.

- Relator realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations 51. previously alleged herein.
- This is a claim for treble damages and civil penalties under the False 52. Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729(a)(1)(A) and 3729(a)(1)(B).

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- 53. As described above, Defendants performed medically unnecessary services on those beneficiaries at the College Vista Convalescent Hospital and submitted, or caused the submission, of the resulting false or fraudulent claims for services rendered to the beneficiaries to Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- 54. As a result of the misconduct alleged herein, Defendants knowingly presented, or caused to be presented, to the United States government a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval in violation of 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1)(A).
- 55. As a result of the misconduct alleged herein, Defendants knowingly made, used, or caused to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim in violation of 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1)(B).
- 56. Each patient admitted for the purpose of the providing medically unnecessary services that were rendered to Medicare and Medi-Cal beneficiaries as a result of Defendants' illegal conduct represents a false or fraudulent record or statement. Each claim for reimbursement for all such medically unnecessary services and submitted to a federal health insurance program represents a false or fraudulent claim for payment.
- 57. Plaintiff cannot at this time identify all of the false records or statements made and all of the false claims for payment that were caused by Defendants' conduct. Plaintiff has no control over or access to the records in Defendants' possession.
- 58. The United States, unaware of the falsity of Defendants' representations to it or the falsity of the records, statements and claims made by, or on behalf of, Defendants, paid and continues to pay the aforementioned claims which would not be paid but for Defendants' false and illegal practices.
- 59. By reason of Defendants' acts, the United States has been damaged, and continues to be damaged, in substantial amounts to be determined at trial.

COUNT II FEDERAL FALSE CLAIMS ACT 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1)(C)

- 60. Relator realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations previously alleged herein.
- 61. This is a claim for treble damages and civil penalties under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1)(C).
- 62. As alleged herein, College Vista and Centerpointe combined, conspired, and agreed together to defraud the United States by knowingly performing medically unnecessary services that were rendered to Medicare and Medi-Cal beneficiaries at College Vista's facilities and causing false claims to be submitted to the United States for the purpose of having those claims paid and ultimately profiting from those false claims. College Vista and Centerpointe committed other overt acts set forth above in furtherance of that conspiracy, all in violation of 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1)(c).
- 63. The United States government, unaware of the false or fraudulent nature of these claims, paid such claims when they would not otherwise have been paid.
- 64. By reason of Defendants' acts, the United States has been damaged, and continues to be damaged, in substantial amounts to be determined at trial.

COUNT III CALIFORNIA FALSE CLAIMS ACT GOVERNMENT CODE §§ 12651(a)(1) AND (a)(2)

- 65. Relator re-alleges and incorporates the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 66. This is a claim for treble damages and penalties under the California False Claims Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12651(a)(1) and (a)(2).
- 67. By virtue of the acts described above, Defendants knowingly presented or caused to be presented, false or fraudulent claims to the California State Government for payment or approval.

- 68. By virtue of the acts described above, Defendants knowingly made, used, or caused to be made or used false records and statements, and omitted material facts, to induce the California State Government to approve and pay such false and fraudulent claims.
- 69. The California State Government, unaware of the falsity of the records, statements and claims made, used, presented or caused to be made, used or presented by Defendants, paid and continues to pay the claims that would not be paid but for Defendants' unlawful conduct.
- 70. By reason of the Defendants' acts, the State of California has been damaged in a substantial amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT IV CALIFORNIA FALSE CLAIMS ACT Government Code § 12651(a)(3)

- 71. Relator realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations previously alleged herein.
- 72. This is a claim for treble damages and civil penalties under the California False Claims Act, Government Code § 12651(a)(3).
- 73. As described above, Defendants, acting in concert with each other and other contractors, agents, partners, and/or representatives, conspired to defraud the State of California by knowingly presenting or causing to be presented, false or fraudulent claims and knowingly making, using, or causing to be made or used, false or fraudulent records and statements, and omitting material facts, to get false and fraudulent claims paid or approved.
- 74. As a result, the State of California, unaware of the fraudulent conduct of defendants, paid claims that would not be paid but for Defendants' unlawful conduct.
- 75. By reason of Defendants' acts, the State of California has been damaged in a substantial amount to be determined at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Relator Alex Dak requests that Judgment be entered against Defendants, ordering that:

- A. Defendants cease and desist from violating the federal False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729-3733 and the California False Claims Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12650-12656;
- B. Defendants pay an amount equal to three times the amount of damages the United States has sustained as a result of Defendants' actions, plus a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500.00 and not more than \$11,000.00 for each violation of 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1);
- C. Defendants pay an amount equal to three times the amount of damages the State of California has sustained as a result of Defendants' actions, plus a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000.00 for each violation of the California False Claims Act, Cal. Gov't Code § 12651(a);
- D. Relator be awarded the maximum "relator's share" allowed pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3730(d) and the equivalent provisions of the California False Claims Act;
- E. Relator be awarded all costs of this action, including attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3730(d) and the equivalent provisions of the California False Claims Act;
- F. Defendants are enjoined from concealing, removing, encumbering, or disposing of assets which may be required to pay the damages, penalties, fines, attorneys' fees and costs awarded by the Court;
- G. Defendants disgorge all sums by which they have been enriched unjustly by their wrongful conduct; and
- H. The United States, the State of California, and Relator Alex Dak be awarded such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

REQUEST FOR TRIAL BY JURY 1 Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Relator Alex 2 Dak hereby demands a trial by jury. 3 4 DATED: July 20, 2012 MILBERG LLP 5 Jeff S. Westerman 6 7 Jeff S. Westerman 8 One California Plaza 9 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3900 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: 213.617.1200 Facsimile: 213.617.1975 10 11 Kirk E. Chapman Carla F. Fredericks 12 One Pennsylvania Plaza New York, New York 10119-0165 Telephone: 212.594.5300 Facsimile: 212.868.1229 13 14 KYROS & PRESSLY LLP 15 George Pressly. 16 Konstantine Kyros 60 State Street, Suite 700 17 Boston, Massachusetts 02109 Telephone: 603.320.7030 18 19 Attorneys for Plaintiff-Relator 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

- 15 - COMPLAINT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE FOR DISCOVERY

This case has been assigned to District Judge Dean D. Pregerson and the assigned discovery Magistrate Judge is Margaret A. Nagle.

The case number on all documents filed with the Court should read as follows:

CV12- 6276 DDP (MANx)

Pursuant to General Order 05-07 of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, the Magistrate Judge has been designated to hear discovery related motions.

All discovery related motions should be noticed on the calendar of the Magistrate Judge	
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NOTICE TO COUNSEL

A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is filed, a copy of this notice must be served on all plaintiffs).

Subsequent documents must be filed at the following location:

[X]	Western Division 312 N. Spring St., Rm. G-8 Los Angeles, CA 90012	Ц	Southern Division 411 West Fourth St., Rm. 1-053 Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516	Eastern Division 3470 Twelfth St., Rm. Riverside, CA 92501	134
	312 N. Spring St., Rm. G-8	LJ	411 West Fourth St., Rm. 1-053	3470 Twelfth St., Rm.	

Failure to file at the proper location will result in your documents being returned to you.

United States District Court

for the

Central District of California

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, and THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ex rel. ALEX DAK,	
Plaintiff(s)	6/12-06276 DDP (MANX)
v.) Civil Action No.
COLLEGE VISTA CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL,)
CENTERPOINTE THERAPY,)
)
Defendant(s)))
Dejenaam(s))

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Jeff S. Westerman

Jeff S. Westerman Milberg LLP

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3900

Los Angeles, CA 90071

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

JUL 20 2012

	CLERK OF COURT
Date:	JULIE PRADO
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

	This summons for (na.	me of individual and title, if any	v)		
was rec	ceived by me on (date)		<u> </u>		
	☐ I personally served	I the summons on the indi	vidual at <i>(place)</i>		
	1		on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's resider	nce or usual place of abode with (name)		
		,	a person of suitable age and discretion who res	ides there,	
	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) , who is				
	designated by law to	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because		; or	
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penalt	y of perjury that this infor	rmation is true.		
Date:					
Date:			Server's signature	4 1 1 2 2 2	
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 2:12-cv-06276-DDP-MAN DOCUMENT, CENTRAL PASS 2019F3RN Rage ID #:26 CIVIL COVER SHEET

I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box if you are representing yourself □) ALEX DAK	DEFENDANTS COLLEGE VISTA CONVALESCE THERAPY	NT HOSPITAL, CENTERPOINTE
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address and Telephone Number. If you are r yourself, provide same.) Jeff S. Westerman Milberg LLP, 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3900, Los Angeles, C Telephone: 213.617.1200		
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an X in one box only.)	CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES - Fo (Place an X in one box for plaintiff and one for defi	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	PTF DEF on of This State	PTF DEF Incorporated or Principal Place
of Parties in Item III)		Incorporated and Principal Place □ 5 □ 5 of Business in Another State
	en or Subject of a Foreign Country 3 3	Foreign Nation
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one box only.) ✓ 1 Original Proceeding State Court □ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court Remarks Remarks □ 4 Remark	ed or 5 Transferred from another district (specid	eify): 6 Multi- 7 Appeal to District Judge from Litigation Magistrate Judge
V. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: JURY DEMAND: Yes □ CLASS ACTION under F.R.C.P. 23: □ Yes ✓ No	Check 'Yes' only if demanded in complaint.) MONEY DEMANDED IN COMPLAI	NT. ¢
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you a 31 U.S.C. § 3729, et seq., Government Code § 12651(a)(3), § 12651		guirsdictional statutes unless diversity.)
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an X in one box only.)		
OTHER STATUTES CONTRACT □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 110 Insurance PER		RISONER LABOR ETITIONS □ 710 Fair Labor Standards
□ 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 151 Medicare Act □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange □ 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 □ 153 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (Excl. □ 350 □ 355 □ 355 □ 355 □ 350 □ 355 □ 350 □ 36	lane Product ility	Death Penalty Mandamus/ Other Civil Rights Prison Condition REFITURE / ENALTY Agriculture Other Food & Orug Orug Corug Copyrights Corug Co
	16-00576	

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number: ______.

Case 2:12-cv_006476-50ATENONSTRICGUCOURT, CENTRAT AND TRICGUCOURT AND CIVIL COVER SHEET

VIII(a). IDENTICAL CASES: Has If yes, list case number(s):	this action been pro	eviously filed in this court an	d dismissed, remanded or closed? ☑ No ☐ Yes	
VIII(b). RELATED CASES: Have If yes, list case number(s):			t are related to the present case? ♥No □ Yes	
□ C. F	Arise from the same Call for determination For other reasons we	or closely related transaction on of the same or substantiall ould entail substantial duplic	ns, happenings, or events; or ly related or similar questions of law and fact; or ation of labor if heard by different judges; or and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.	
IX. VENUE: (When completing the	following informat	ion, use an additional sheet if	f necessary.)	
(a) List the County in this District; C ☐ Check here if the government, its	California County o agencies or emplo	utside of this District; State i yees is a named plaintiff. If	f other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. this box is checked, go to item (b).	
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country	
Los Angeles				
 (b) List the County in this District; C □ Check here if the government, its 	California County os agencies or emplo	utside of this District; State i	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides. If this box is checked, go to item (c).	
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country	
Los Angeles				
(c) List the County in this District; (Note: In land condemnation ca	California County o	utside of this District; State i	f other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.	
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country	
Los Angeles				
* Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernard Note: In land condemnation cases, use	dino, Riverside, V	entura, Santa Barbara, or s	San Luis Obispo Counties	
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (4	Date July 20, 2012	
Notice to Counsel/Parties: The	e CV-71 (JS-44) C	ved by the Judicial Conferenc	rmation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings see of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed ting the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)	
Key to Statistical codes relating to So	cial Security Cases	•		
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement o	f Cause of Action	
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))		
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 196 (30 U.S.C. 923)		
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))		
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))		
864	SSID	All claims for supplement Act, as amended.	tal security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security	
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))		

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